# PLAT YPUS TECHNOLOGIES

Bringing Science to the Surface™

# Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX

Product No.: CMAUFL4

96-well Assay for Investigating Cell Migration and Cell Invasion of Adherent Cell Lines

# PROTOCOL & INSTRUCTIONS

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# ORIS™ CELL MIGRATION ASSEMBLY KIT – FLEX

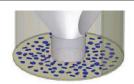
#### I. INTRODUCTION

The Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit - FLEX is a reproducible, sensitive, and flexible assay that can be used to monitor cell migration, wound healing, and cell invasion. The Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit - FLEX now gives researchers more control over designing a cell migration assay by allowing users to allocate a desired number of the 96 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers over four 96-well plates. By providing sufficient materials for an average of 24 tests per 96-well plate, this new kit offers the flexibility of performing experiments in multiples of four (the Stoppers are provided in 4-stopper strips). Each Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit - FLEX contains the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers for creating a detection zone at the center of each well. Since the stoppers are not pre-inserted into the wells, researchers have the option to coat the plate with an extracellular matrix (ECM) to design an assay best suited to their needs. Researchers may also create 3-dimensional overlays in each well to investigate cell invasion in response to various compounds. Each kit is supplied with four 96-well, black, clear bottom plates, an Oris™ Detection Mask, an Oris™ Stopper Tool, and 96 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers (packaged in four (4) packs of 24 stoppers). The Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX is designed to be used with any commercially available stain or labeling technique. Readout can be performed by microscopy or use of a microplate reader.

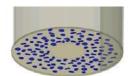
The Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit - FLEX has been designed for use with adherent cell cultures. This assay has been successfully used with 3T3-Swiss albino, HT-1080, HCEC, and MCF10A cell lines.

Using the Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit - FLEX offers the following features & benefits:

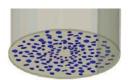
- Flexible Evaluation Perform partial plate experiments without compromising sterility or integrity of the plate.
- More Data per Well Analyze cells treated with multiple fluorescent probes, labels or stains by using a microplate reader, microscope, or digital imaging system
- Creative Assay Design Coat any ECM or BME on the plate to create a 2-D or 3-D environment for cell migration or cell invasion assays.
- Versatile Design kinetic or endpoint assays without the use of special instrumentation.
- Reproducible Results Achieve lower well-to-well CV's with the unique Oris<sup>™</sup> assay design than with scratch assays.
- Real-time Monitoring Track changes in cell movement and morphology as cell migration or invasion progresses.
- HTS and HCS Compatibility Observe cells directly without interference from cell culture inserts or transmembrane devices.



Insert Stoppers, Seed Cells onto Oris™ Plate & Allow to Adhere



Remove Stoppers to Create Detection Zone



Allow Cells to Migrate into Detection Zone



Analyze Cells in Detection Zone: Microplate Reader Analysis - Detection Mask Attached; Image Analysis - No Mask Required

Figure 1. Schematic of  $\mathsf{Oris}^\mathsf{TM}$  Cell Migration Assembly Kit - FLEX

#### ORIS<sup>™</sup> PLATE DIMENSIONS П.

Diameter of Well	6.5 mm
Diameter of Stopper Space (Detection Zone)	2 mm
Suggested Media Volume per Well (populated with Stoppers)	100 μΙ
Effective Area of Outer Annular Region (seeding region) per Well	30.03 mm <sup>2</sup>
Effective Area of Central Detection Zone per Well	3.14 mm <sup>2</sup>
Plate Height	14.9 mm
Plate Height with Lid:	23.9 mm
Offset of Wells (A-1 location, X)	14.4 mm
Offset of Wells (A-1 location, Y)	11.2 mm
Distance between Wells	9 mm (on center)
Well Depth	12.2 mm
Thickness of Well Bottom	0.25 mm
Storage Conditions	Ambient

Important: Read Instructions Before Performing any Oris<sup>™</sup> Assay.

#### III. **MATERIALS PROVIDED**

Product No.: CMAUFL4

Oris™-compatible, 96-well, Tissue Culture Treated Plates (black, clear bottom), 4 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 4 packs of 24\* Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1

#### **MATERIALS REQUIRED** IV.

- Biological Cells
- Sterile PBS (containing both Ca<sup>++</sup> and Mg<sup>++</sup>)
- Complete Cell Culture Growth Medium (containing serum)
- Sterile Pipette Tips/Pipette or Multi-Channel Pipette
- Trypsin or Cell Scraper
- Inverted Microscope (optional)
- Fluorescence Microplate Reader (optional)
- Cell Culture Labeling Medium (phenol red-free/serum-free media)
- Cell Labeling Fluorescent Agent (eg., CellTracker™ Green, Calcein AM)
  - required if performing assay readout via microplate reader.
- Extracellular Matrix (ECM) or Basement Membrane Extract (BME) for creating a 2-D coating or a 3-D assay (optional)

CellTracker™ Green is a trademark of Invitrogen Corporation.

<sup>\*</sup> sufficient materials for 96 tests

#### V. CELL MIGRATION ASSEMBLY – FLEX PROTOCOL

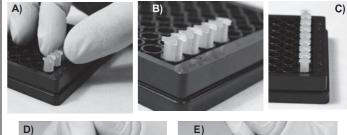
The following steps should be performed in a biological hood using aseptic technique to prevent contamination.

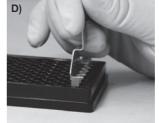
**Optional**: If desired, coat the bottom of the wells with an ECM layer (collagen, fibronectin, laminin, etc.) and allow the ECM to dry prior to populating the plate with the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers.

- Under sterile conditions, populate the 96-well plate with the desired number of Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers (provided in 4-stopper strips):
  - Vertically position the tip ends of two, 4-stopper strips into one full column of 8 wells at a time (Figure 2A).
  - Gently press down on the strip backbone to partially insert the stoppers halfway into the well (Figure 2B).
  - When both stopper strips have been partially inserted in 1 column, ensure that the position of the stoppers is vertical with respect to the well wall, making any necessary adjustments (Figure 2C).
  - Using the Oris<sup>™</sup> Stopper Tool, firmly press down on the strip backbone to fully insert the stoppers into each well (Figure 2D and 2E). Repeat for the remaining columns that you require for your experiment.



**NOTE**: It is extremely important to ensure that the stoppers are inserted perpendicular to the well bottom and are fully engaged with the well bottom. Failure to do so will increase the CV of your data set. If you require data sets with low CVs [potential for  $\leq$ 12 %], the pre-populated Oris<sup>TM</sup> Cell Migration Assay kit (#CMA1.101) is recommended.





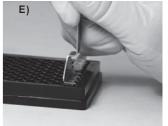


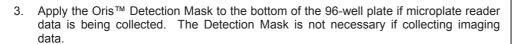
Figure 2. Stopper Insertion Process. A) Placement of Stoppers into Wells, B) Close-up of Stoppers Partially Inserted into Wells, C) Proper Placement of Stoppers, D) Pressing of Stoppers into Wells, and E) Fully Inserted Stoppers

**NOTE:** Once the sterile pouch of Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers has been opened, handle the stoppers aseptically. Any unused stoppers can be kept in a sterile environment (i.e., laminar flow hood/UV light). Do not autoclave the stoppers.

2. Visually inspect the underside of the populated 96-well plate to ensure that the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers are firmly sealed against the bottom of the plate. To inspect the stoppers, turn the plate over and examine the stoppers for sealing (see Figure 3). If incomplete sealing is observed, return the plate to the upright position and use a sterile instrument to gently push the stopper back into the well until sealing is observed.

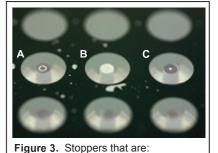


**NOTE**: the sealing of the stoppers can be most easily observed if the plate is tipped at an angle and viewed under indirect light to reveal the bullseye pattern at the bottom of each well.



First Time Users: In order to prevent splashing of well contents, familiarize yourself with the attachment and removal of the Detection Mask before any liquids are placed in the wells.

- Orient the chamfered corners of the mask with those of the 96-well plate, ensuring that the A1 corner of the mask is aligned with the A1 well of the plate (see Figure 4).
- Align the holes in the attachment lugs with the bosses on the bottom of the 96-well plate.
- Gently press the mask until it is flush with the bottom of the 96-well plate.



A) Partially Sealed
B) Unsealed
C) Completely Sealed

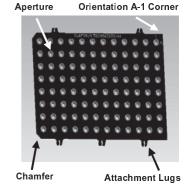


Figure 4. Features of Detection Mask



**NOTE**: It may be necessary to wash the mask with ethanol to remove dust and debris since the mask is **not** sterile. The mask may be applied at any point during the assay. For kinetic assays, it is often most convenient to apply the mask at the beginning of the assay before any liquids are placed in the well. For endpoint assays, using fixed and stained cells, it is often most convenient to apply the mask just before reading assay results.

#### V. CELL MIGRATION ASSEMBLY – FLEX PROTOCOL, continued

- 4. If performing a kinetic analysis of cell migration, pre-label cells to be seeded with a fluorescent stain now.
- 5. Collect cells and prepare a suspension that is 10-fold greater in density than the optimal seeding concentration.

**First Time Users**: The optimum seeding density of cells must be determined as an integral part of the design of the cell migration assay. Please refer to Appendix I for a discussion of this process.

6. Pipette 100 µl of suspended cells into each test well through one of the side ports of the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stopper.



**NOTE:** For best results, add or extract media by placing the pipette tip along the wall of the well (see Figure 5). Care should be taken not to disturb the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stopper when introducing the pipette tip into the well. A slender/elongated tip or a gel loading tip may be useful.

- 7. **IMPORTANT**: Lightly tap the plate on your work surface to evenly distribute well contents (extreme tapping may result in splashing of well contents and lead to contamination).
- 8. Incubate the seeded plate containing the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers in a humidified chamber (37°C, 5% CO₂) for 4 to 18 hours (cell line dependent) to permit cell attachment.
- 9. Remove plate from incubator.

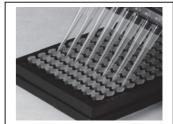


Figure 5. Media is Added with Single or Multi-Channel Pipette

- 10. Designate several 'reference' wells in which the stoppers will remain in place until results are read (t=0 pre-migration controls).
- 11. Using the Oris™ Stopper Tool, remove all other stoppers (see Figure 6).

**NOTE**: It may be necessary to wash the Oris<sup>™</sup> Stopper Tool with 70% ethanol as the Stopper Tool is not sterile.

- Secure the 96-well plate by holding it firmly against the deck of your work space. Slide the tines of the Oris™ Stopper Tool under the backbone of the stopper strip, keeping the underside of the Oris™ Stopper Tool flush with the top surface of the plate.
- Lift the Oris  $^{\text{TM}}$  Stopper Tool vertically to gently remove the stoppers.



**NOTE: DO NOT** use the Oris™ Stopper Tool as a lever to pry the stoppers from the well (see Figure 6E), as doing so may cause displacement of seeded cells and may distort the detection zone area.

12. Remove media with a pipette and *gently* wash wells with 100  $\mu$ l of sterile PBS (or media) to remove any unattached cells. Do not aspirate using an in-house vacuum.

**Optional**: If the plate was coated with an ECM (in Step 1), an overlay of ECM may be introduced in the wells to create a 3-D environment for cell invasion. Optimization of experimental conditions will be required to establish invasion conditions for a given cell line.

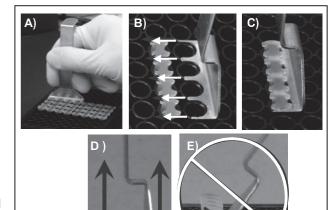


Figure 6. Removal of Stoppers. Panels A, B, and C) Position the Tines of the Stopper Tool between the Stopper Tips, D) Lift Vertically, and E) Do NOT Pry Stoppers

- 13. Add 100 µl of fresh culture media to each well.
- 14. Incubate plate in a humidified chamber (37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>) to permit cell migration. Cells may be examined microscopically throughout the incubation period to monitor progression of migration. Migration time will vary depending upon cell type, experimental design, and ECM composition, as different ECM's have been shown to have varying effects on migration (even for a given cell line).
- 15. If performing an endpoint analysis of cell migration, stain cells with a fluorescent stain after sufficient migration has occurred. Refer to Section VI and Appendix II for further information on data acquisition and fluorescence staining technique.



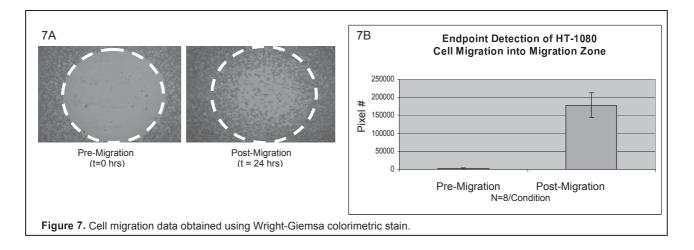
**NOTE**: Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers are for single use only; Platypus cannot guarantee the integrity of the stopper material after a second sterilization procedure.

#### VI. DATA ACQUISITION

The readout of the Oris<sup>TM</sup> Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX can be conducted at any time, allowing the user to perform a kinetic assay or an endpoint assay. The Oris<sup>TM</sup> Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX is designed to be used with any commercially available stain or labeling technique. The readout can be performed by using a microscope, a microplate reader, or a High Content Screening or High Content Imaging Analysis platform.

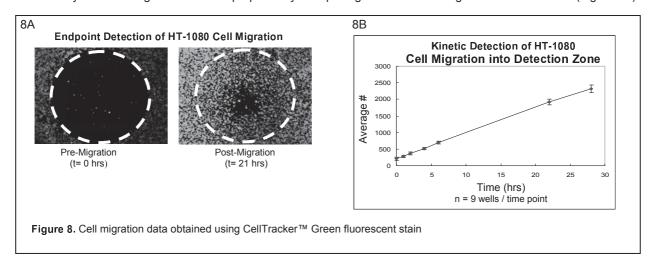
#### Microscopic Analysis

- Cell counting or image capture / analysis software, such as NIH ImageJ freeware, can be used.
- · Note: Microscopy observations are possible using phase contrast or bright field microscopy.
- No need to attach the Oris<sup>™</sup> Detection Mask to the Oris<sup>™</sup> plate.
- Sample Data using a colorimetric stain is shown in Figure 7. Wells populated with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers were seeded with 50,000 HT-1080 cells (i.e., 100 µl of 5x10⁵ cells/mL) and incubated for 4 hours. The stoppers were removed from test wells, but remained in place in the pre-migration reference wells until the time of the assay readout. The seeded plate was incubated in a humidified chamber for 24 hours to permit cell migration. Stoppers were removed from the reference wells and all cells were fixed and treated with Wright-Giemsa stain. Images were captured using bright field microscopy (7A) and then imported to Image J software for analysis using thresholding. The images below, captured without a detection mask in place, illustrate representative data from pre-migration (t=0 hrs) and post-migration (t=24 hrs) wells. The graph (7B) depicts the average pixel number +/- S.D. in the detection zones for each condition (n = 8 wells/condition).



#### Microplate Reader Analysis

- Attach the Oris™ Detection Mask to the bottom of the Oris™ plate (see Step 3 of Protocol).
- Optimal settings will vary according to the microplate reader make and model. Consult Appendix II and the equipment user manual for your particular instrument.
- The microplate reader MUST be set to read from the bottom of the plate.
- Sample data using a fluorescent stain and microplate reader analysis are shown in Figure 8. HT-1080 cells were fluorescently stained with CellTracker™ Green and wells populated with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers were seeded with 50,000 cells (i.e., 100 µl of 5x10<sup>5</sup> cells/mL). After a 4 hour incubation, stoppers were removed from test wells, but remained in place in the pre-migration reference wells until the time of the assay readout. The seeded plate was incubated in a humidified chamber for 28 hours and at various time points the fluorescence signals in the detection zones were measured using a microplate reader. The images below (Figure 8A), captured without a detection mask in place, illustrate representative data from pre-migration (t=0 hrs) and post-migration (t = 21 hrs) wells. The graph depicts a real-time analysis of cell migration that was prepared by transposing the fluorescent signal into cell numbers (Figure 8B).



#### VII. ORDERING INFORMATION

Product Name	Product Number / Product Description			
Oris™ Universal Cell Migration Assembly Kits	CMAU101: 1-pack Oris™-compatible, 96-well Plate, 1 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 96 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	CMAU505: 5-pack Oris™-compatible, 96-well Plates, 5 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers , 5 x 96 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1		
Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kits – Collagen I Coated	CMAUCC1: 1-pack Oris™ Collagen I Coated, 96-well Plate, 1 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 96 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	CMAUCC5: 5-pack Oris™ Collagen I Coated, 96-well Plates, 5 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 5 x 96 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1		
Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX	CMAUFL4: 1-kit Oris™-compatible, 96-well Plates, 4 Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 4 packs of 24* Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	* sufficient materials for 96 tests		
Oris™ Cell Migration Assays	CMA1.101: 1-pack Oris™ 96-well Plate with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 1 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	CMA5.101: 5-pack Oris™ 96-well Plates with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 5 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1		
Oris™ Cell Migration Assays – Collagen I Coated	CMACC1.101: 1-pack Oris™ 96-well Collagen I Coated Plate with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 1 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	CMACC5.101: 5-pack Oris™ 96-well Collagen I Coated Plates with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 5 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1		
Oris™ Cell Migration Assays – Fibronectin Coated	CMAFN1.101: 1-pack:  Oris™ 96-well Fibronectin Coated Plate with Oris™  Cell Seeding Stoppers, 1  Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	CMAFN5.101: 5-pack  Oris™ 96-well Fibronectin Coated Plates with Oris™ Cell  Seeding Stoppers, 5  Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1		
Oris™ Cell Migration Assays – TriCoated	CMATR1.101: 1-pack  Oris™ TriCoated, 96-well Plate with Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 1  32 wells, Tissue Culture Treated 32 wells, Collagen I coated 32 wells, Fibronectin coated Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1	CMATR5.101: 5-pack  Oris™ TriCoated, 96-well Plates with Oris™ Cell Seeding  Stoppers, 5  32 wells, Tissue Culture Treated  32 wells, Collagen I coated  32 wells, Fibronectin coated  Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1		
Oris™ Cell Invasion & Detection Assays	CIA101DE: 1-pack Oris™ 96-well plate, 1 Oris™ BME Stock Reagent, 5 mL Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 96 Oris™ Detection Mask, 1 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 1 Calcein AM Reagent, 20 µL	CIA200DE: 2-pack Oris™ 96-well plates, 2 Oris™ BME Stock Reagent, 2 x 5 mL Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers, 2 x 96 Oris™ Detection Mask, 2 & Oris™ Stopper Tool, 2 Calcein AM Reagent, 2 x 20 µL		

#### **VIII. TERMS & CONDITIONS**

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PLATYPUS warrants that its products shall conform substantially to the description of such goods as provided in product catalogues and literature accompanying the goods until their respective expiration dates or, if no expiration date is provided, for 6 months from the date of receipt of such goods. PLATYPUS will replace, free of charge, any product that does not conform to the specifications. This warranty limits PLATYPUS's liability only to the replacement of the nonconforming product.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND PLATYPUS MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The stated express warranties, and the remedy provided for breach thereof, are in lieu of all other liability or obligations of PLATYPUS for any damages whatsoever arising out of or in connection with the delivery, use, misuse, performance, or the inability to use any of its products. IN NO EVENT SHALL PLATYPUS BE LIABLE UNDER ANY LEGAL THEORY (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT, OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND) FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOST PROFITS) EVEN IF PLATYPUS HAD NOTICE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Without limiting the effect of the preceding sentence, PLATYPUS's maximum liability, if any, shall not exceed the purchase price paid by PURCHASER for the product.

This warranty shall not be effective if PLATYPUS determines, in its sole discretion that PURCHASER has altered or misused the goods or has failed to use or store them in accordance with instructions furnished by PLATYPUS. PLATYPUS's sole and exclusive liability and PURCHASER's exclusive remedy with respect to goods proved to PLATYPUS's satisfaction (applying analytical methods reasonably selected by PLATYPUS) to be defective or nonconforming shall be the replacement of such goods free of charge, upon the return of such goods in accordance with our instructions, although at its discretion, PLATYPUS may provide a credit or refund. If PLATYPUS manufactures custom goods for PURCHASER based on instructions, specifications, or other directions provided by PURCHASER, PLATYPUS shall not be liable for the lack of sufficiency, fitness for purpose or quality of the goods to the extent attributable to such instructions, specifications, or other directions. PLATYPUS shall not be liable for any loss, damage or penalty as a result of any delay in or failure to manufacture, deliver or otherwise perform hereunder due to any cause beyond PLATYPUS's reasonable control.

PLATYPUS shall not be liable for injury or damages resulting from the use or misuse of any of its products

### **APPENDIX I: Determining Optimal Cell Seeding Concentration**

This procedure is intended to assist in determining the cell seeding density needed to achieve confluency of your cell line when using the Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX. The intended goal is to achieve 90-95% confluency of the monolayer surrounding the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers without overgrowth.

- 1. A suggested starting point is to evaluate three serial dilutions at the cell densities shown below. The cell seeding area of the well with the stopper in place is ~ 0.3 cm². Based on the typical seeding density of your particular cell line, you can infer a different cell number for your first serial dilution and adjust the numbers below accordingly.
- 2. Prepare a log-phase culture of the cell line to be tested. Collect cells and determine the total number of cells present.
- 3. Pellet cells by centrifugation. Prepare three serial dilutions at final concentrations of 1.0 x 10<sup>6</sup>, 0.5 x 10<sup>6</sup> and 0.25 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml
- 4. Dispense 100 µl of cell suspension per well into the 96-well plate to result in the following plate layout:

Column	1	2	3
Cells / well	100,000	50,000	25,000
Number of wells	8	8	8

- 5. Incubate the plate in a humidified chamber (37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>) for 4 18 hours (cell line dependent) with cell seeding stoppers in place to allow the cells to firmly attach to the well surface.
- 6. Following cell attachment, remove the Oris™ Cell Seeding Stoppers from each well (see Figure 6) and *gently* wash the wells with PBS to remove non-attached cells.
  - Secure the 96-well plate by holding it firmly against the deck of your work space. Slide the tines of the Oris™ Stopper Tool under the backbone of the stopper strip, keeping the underside of the tool flush with the top surface of the plate.
  - Lift the Oris™ Stopper Tool *vertically* to gently remove the stopper. Do not use the Oris™ Stopper Tool as a lever to pry the stoppers from the well as doing so may cause displacement of the seeded cells.
- 7. Without a Detection Mask in place, use a microscope to visually inspect each well to determine the minimum cell seeding concentration that yielded a confluent monolayer at the perimeter of the detection zone.

At this point, if you plan to obtain the results of the Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit − FLEX via colorimetric or microscopic analysis, you have successfully determined the optimal cell seeding concentration to be used in Step 6 of the Cell Migration Assembly − FLEX Protocol.

#### **APPENDIX II: Determining Optimal Fluorescence Microplate Reader Settings**

This procedure is intended to assist in optimizing your instrument settings when using a fluorescence microplate reader to capture data from the Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX.

- 1. Using the optimal cell seeding concentration determined in Appendix I, perform a cell migration assay per Section V, Cell Migration Assembly FLEX Protocol using culture conditions expected to result in robust cell migration. Be sure to include equal numbers of pre-migration reference wells (stoppers left in place until staining) and post-migration test wells (stoppers removed after cell attachment period). A minimum of 8 wells per condition are recommended.
- 2. Perform the desired fluorescent staining technique.

The Oris™ Cell Migration Assembly Kit – FLEX has been designed to work with all types of fluorescent stains and staining techniques. The precise method for staining cells with fluorescent stains varies according to the nature of the individual stain. It is important to stain cells using a fluorescent reagent that uniformly stains cells. Probes affected by experimental conditions will increase variability of results and reduce correlation between fluorescence signal and cell migration. Please consult the manufacturer of your fluorescent stain for specific considerations.

The following is an example Fluorescent Staining Protocol for using Calcein AM:

- a. To stain one fully-seeded 96-well plate, combine 5 μl of Calcein AM (1 mg/mL in dry DMSO) with 10 mL of phenol redfree and serum-free media or 1x PBS (containing both Ca<sup>++</sup> and Mg<sup>++</sup>). Protect diluted Calcein AM solution from light until ready to use in step d.
- b. Carefully remove culture medium from wells.
- c. Wash wells with 100 µl of PBS (containing both Ca<sup>++</sup> and Mg<sup>++</sup>).
- d. Add 100 µl of diluted Calcein AM solution to each well.
- e. Incubate plate at 37°C for 30 60 minutes.
- f. Attach mask and read promptly with microplate reader using appropriate filter set and sensitivity/gain settings (for a BioTek Synergy™ HT microplate reader, use 485/528 nm excitation/emission filters, sensitivity 55 nm).
- 3. If not already in place, apply the Oris™ Detection Mask to the plate. Using the bottom probe of a fluorescence microplate reader, obtain the fluorescence reading from each well. To achieve the optimal dynamic range, adjust the instrument settings (e.g., gain) to result in the greatest difference in fluorescence signal between pre-migration and post-migration wells. Refer to the instrument manual for your microplate reader for further guidance on instrument settings.

You have now successfully determined the optimal cell seeding concentration (to be used in Step 6 of the Cell Migration Assembly – FLEX Protocol) and microplate reader settings for analysis of cell migration using a fluorescence microplate reader.

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