

COLO 205 Cell Line

Catalog No.: AMS.EP-CL-0066

Origin and General Characteristics

Cell Name COLO 205 Cell Line
Organism Homo sapiens, Human

Age 70 years

Tissue Colon, derived from metastatic site: ascites

Morphology Epithelial

Growth Properties Mixed, Adherent And Suspension

Descriptions The line was derived from tissue from the same patient as COLO 201. The cells

are CSAp negative(CSAp-). The cells are positive for keratin by

immunoperoxidase staining. COLO 205 cells express a 36000 dalton cell surface

glycoprotein related to the GA733-2 tumor associated antigen.

Biosafety Level 1

Culture Conditions and Handling

Complete Growth Medium RPMI-1640 +10% FBS +1% P/S

Subculturing Remove and discard culture medium. These cells grow as a mixture of floating

and adherent cells. Sometimes many cells are floating, they can be harvested by centrifugation of medium instead of discarding it. Add 1.0 to 2.0 mL of 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin-0.53mM EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 2 to 3 minutes). Add 4.0 to 6.0 mL of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels.

Incubate cultures at 37°C.

Subcultivation Ratio 1:2-1:4

Medium Renewal Every 2 to 3 days

Cryopreservation Freeze medium: 60% Basal medium+30% FBS+10% DMSO

Storage temperature: Liquid nitrogen vapor phase

Culture Conditions Atmosphere: Air, 95%; CO2, 5%

Temperature: 37°C

Special Features of the Cell Line

Tumorigenic Yes

Effects Yes, in nude mice. Tumors developed within 21 days at

100% frequency(5/5) in nude mice inoculated

subcutaneously with 10⁷ cells.

Gene Expression Carcinoembryonic Antigen(Cea) 1.5 To 4.1Ng/10^6

Cells/10 Days; Keratin; Interleukin 10(II-10,

Interleukin-10), The Cells Are Positive For Keratin By

Immunoperoxidase Staining.

Applications Transfection host.

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Recommendations for handling of cryopreserved cells

- 1. The cell is packaged by dry ice. When receiving the cell, please make sure that the vial is still frozen. If there is cell thawing in the tube, please take photo before experiment or storage.
- 2. If immediate culturing is not intended, the cryovial(s) must be stored in liquid nitrogen (-196°C) or at least at -80°C after arrival.
 - If immediate culturing is intended, please follow these instructions:
- 3. Quickly thaw by rapid agitation in a 37°C water bath within 45-90 seconds. The water bath should have clean water containing an antimicrobial agent. As soon as the sample has thawed, remove the cryovial from the water bath.

From now on, all operations should be carried out under aseptic conditions.

- 4. Transfer the cryovial to a sterile flow cabinet and wipe with 70% alcohol. Carefully open the vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 9 ml of cell complete medium (room temperature or 37°C).
- 5. In order to reduce cell damage, add 1ml of cell complete medium into cryovial, slightly pipette, then use a pipettor to add 1 ml of suspension into the centrifuge tube. Resuspend the cells carefully. Centrifuge at 300×g for 3 min and discard the supernatant. The centrifugation step may be omitted, but in this case the remains of the freeze medium have to be removed 24 hours later.
- 6. Resuspend the cells carefully in 10ml fresh cell culture medium and transfer them into one or two T25 cell culture flasks.