

## Fluoresceinamine -labeled Sodium Heparan sulfate (P1)

Product code: AMS.CSR-FAHS-P1 Volume: 1 mL (1 mg/mL, in phosphate buffered saline (PBS) (-)) Appearance: yellow green solution Source of sodium heparan sulfate: Porcine kidney Fluorescent probe: Fluoresceinamine CAS number of fluorescent probe: 3326-34-9

Outline: Heparan sulfate (HS) is a sulfated glycosaminoglycan composed of repeating disaccharide units of D-iduronic acid (IdoUA) or D-glucuronic acid (GlcUA) and N-acetyl-D-glucosamine or N-sulfo-glucosamine. HS is abundant in basement membrane of kidney and blood vessel exists as unbranched polysaccharide chains. This product is prepared by the fluorescent labeling of HS derived from porcine kidney according to the method of Ogamo et al.<sup>1</sup>). Fluoresceinamine molecules are chemically attached to carboxyl groups of the GlcUA or IdoUA of HS. This solution is dissolved in PBS (-) and sterilized by filtration. The excitation wavelength is  $490\sim500$  nm and the emission wavelength is  $515\sim525$  nm. The enclosed Certification of Analysis lists actual values for product specifications.

Handling precautions:

- 1) Protect from light as much as possible. Product can be used at room temperature when protected from strong light.
- 2) After thawing, gently agitate the vial before use.
- 3) Store protected from light at -20°C or below. We recommend storing in aliquots appropriate for anticipated usage.
- 4) Fluorescence intensity varies with pH of the solution and is lower under acidic conditions. Note the pH of the sample solution when measuring fluorescence intensity.
- 5) This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Reference:

1) Ogamo A et al.: Carbohydr. Res., **105**, 69 (1982)



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## **Specifications**

Appearance	yellow green solution
<b>Concentration of FADS</b>	0.90 ~ 1.10mg/mL
Wavelength of Excitation	490 ~ 500 nm
Wavelength of Emission	515 ~ 525 nm
Degree of Substitution*	0.600 ~ 1.100%
Fluorescent Purity on Electrophoresis	one band at same mobility with original NaHS <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup>
Storage	Store protected from light at -20°C or below. We recommend storing in aliquots appropriate for anticipated usage.

<sup>†</sup>NaHS: Sodium Heparan Sulfate

\*Expressed as the molar percentage of bound fluoresceinamine groups to disaccharide units.



Excitation and emission spectrum of FAHS-P1 (pH10)



Elution profiles of FADS-B1, FAHep-N1 and FAHS-P1 on GPC (Column: TSKgel G4000PWXL (7.8mmI.D. × 30cm × 1))

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Cellulose acetate membrane electrophoresis of AMS.CSR-FAHS-P1 NaHS: Sodium Heparan Sulfate

Raw materials of Fluorescently labelled Glycosaminoglycans

Product NameRaw MaterialProduct NameRaw MaterialAMS.CSR-FAHA-H1, H2Streptococcus sp. AMS.CSR-FACS-A1whale cartilageAMS.CSR-FAHA-M1, M2chicken combAMS.CSR-FACS-C1shark cartilageAMS.CSR-FAHA-L1, L2Streptococcus sp. AMS.CSR-FACS-D1shark cartilageAMS.CSR-FAHA-S1Streptococcus sp. AMS.CSR-FACS-D1squid cartilageAMS.CSR-FAHA-T1Streptococcus sp. AMS.CSR-FADS-B1porcine skinAMS.CSR-FAHA-PN1porcine intestineAMS.CSR-FAHS-P1porcine kidney



R2=Ac or SO<sub>3</sub>Na

Typical disaccharide formula of Sodium Heparan Sulfate

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Analysis of binding activities with bFGF

Basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF,  $10\mu g/mL$  in PBS,  $100 \mu L/well$ ) was added into 96well plate (Nunc, 437111) and incubated at 37°C for 1h. The plate was washed with PBS, and then fluorescein-labeled GAG solution with various concentrations in PBS was added to each well ( $100\mu L/well$ ) and incubated at 37°C for 1h. After washing the plate, 0.1N NaOH was added ( $100\mu L/well$ ), and the fluorescence intensity was measured using a fluoro-plate reader with an excitation wavelength of 485 nm and an emission wavelength of 535 nm. It was observed that the fluorescence intensity was increased with the concentration of FACS-E1, FAHS-P1 FAHep-N1 and FAHS-P1 whereas the intensity was little increased in the case of FAHA-M1. The result suggests an interaction between sulfated GAG and bFGF.

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